Courses of Action in the Event of Racist Incidents

Look after yourself: What do you need? What do you want to do? Show clear boundaries.

Take notes of the names of those involved and witnesses, secure evidence and prepare a memory log.

Find allies and get emotional support. For the situation itself and/or the time after.

In any case, if you feel that you have been treated unfairly or discriminated against, speak up directly. You can also contact the local complaints office.

Consultation Centers

Consultation centers support those affected and witnesses of discrimination. They advise on intervention options and/or legal after discriminatory action incidents and attacks. They also record the cases.

The consultation is:

- in person or by phone,
- free of charge
- anonymous
- on request, with interpreters

We recommend contacting us promptly, as legal claims may expire after two months.

Federal Consultation Finder





are

Community-based **Consultation Centers**

Mehr Informationen



Handbook Germany: Information and Explanation about Healthcare

Publication of DeZIM: Racism and its symptoms





Federal Anti-Discrimination Agency: Health and Care

The QR codes will lead you to a page in German language.

Other languages: Arabic, German, Farsi, French, Russian, Turkish, easy language in German



Issued by the Stiftung für die Internationalen Wochen gegen Rassismus

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Racism in Healthcare

Initial information for people with care needs



with experiences of racism in healthcare

Contact the chamber in your state.

responsible if the professional

staff behave in a racist or

Nursing chambers

(Landespflegekammern)

discriminatory manner.

The Solidarity against Racism in Health project is funded by

Racism in Healthcare

Racism is an ideology that devalues people based on their appearance, name, (supposed) culture, origin or religion. Racism happens every day.

Racism in the healthcare system can happen inside the structures but also on an institutional and individual level.

Examples are:

- People with care needs are not greeted because of their origin.
- People with care needs are not sufficiently informed about their services because they hardly speak German.
- The patients' pain is not taken seriously because of his/her/they appearance



More information about the topic racism

You are not alone with experiences of racism. Get support. This flyer will give you initial information.

Your Rights

The health personnel is obliged to participate in the medical care of the legally insured people with care needs. The **treatment obligation** according to section 630a applies.

This means that the health personnel must not send you away and must treat you.

In **emergency cases**, treatment must be provided regardless of insurance.

The General Equal Treatment Act (AGG) section1 aims to prevent or eliminate discrimination based on ethnic origin, gender, religion or belief, age, disability, or sexual identity.

If you have been disadvantaged, you are entitled to **injunctive relief** under **section21 AGG**.

This applies, for example, if there is a treatment error.

Examples:

You have been denied emergency assistance and have permanent damage to your health.

Your pain was not taken seriously, you were therefore treated incorrectly and suffer consequential damage to your health.

In serious cases, such as insult or slander, you can file a complaint according to section192a German Criminal Code (StGB).

Asylum seekers and tolerated persons receive a limited entitlement to health services in accordance with section4 Asylum Seekers Benefits Act (AsylbLG) in the first 36 months of their stay. This includes acute pain care during pregnancy and childbirth as well as vaccinations.

According to section AsylbLG, care can be provided. However, you are not entitled to a care allowance.

More information on health care for refugees:



In case of **language difficulties**, a person can come along for the **translation** in any case.

In addition, translation tools can be used. In many municipalities and cities, there are associations that provide volunteer language mediators.

There are separate points of contact for **people in precarious** living situations. These include, for example, undocumented people, people, with few financial resources, welfare recipients, those released from prison, etc.

More information on support:



Your health is a human right. There are associations that **treat** people with limited or no insurance coverage -- **anonymously and free of charge.**

Nationwide contact points:

